



SITE SELECTION STRATEGY

KARAOKE BAR CONCEPT

U.S. Market & Neighborhood Location Study

A data-driven search for where a karaoke bar concept will thrive

Prepared by Retail Gravity | July 2026 | Prepared for Client — Confidential

WHERE TO BUILD THE CONCEPT

PHASE 1 • TOP MARKETS

Of the 50 largest U.S. markets, seven rank highest on cultural vibrancy, target demographics, affordability and walkability.

- 1 Salt Lake City
- 2 Denver
- 3 Raleigh
- 4 Washington DC
- 5 Seattle
- 6 Austin
- 7 Nashville

PHASE 2 • TOP NEIGHBORHOODS

Within those markets, 11 candidate neighborhoods were scored on a 3-mile trade area. The leaders:

1

Austin

Suitability 100/100

2

Seattle - Downtown

Suitability 91.9/100

3

Washington DC - Adams Morgan

Suitability 82.8/100

WHAT THE DATA SAYS

Austin leads. strongest in-person student presence, young/affordable demographics, and the lowest operating cost of the leaders.

Adams Morgan, DC. the largest in-person student population (~66k) and dense urban fabric, but the highest commercial rents.

Whitespace exists. low-competition pockets (Court House/Ballston, SLC-Sugarhouse) merit a look despite mid-pack scores.

THE KARAOKE BAR CONCEPT

WHAT IT IS

A stage for everyone

A modern karaoke bar that turns a night out into a shared performance. An open main-stage room paired with bookable private suites, a full bar and a rotating calendar of themed nights.

Social, repeatable nights out

The main stage drives walk-in traffic and social discovery; private suites drive booked group events like birthdays, date nights and team outings that bring customers back.

A discretionary, experiential spend

Success depends on a dense base of culturally-engaged young adults with disposable income, in a walkable district known for music and the arts.

TARGET CUSTOMER

18-35

core age band

Urban

renters & apartment dwellers

Educated

students & young professionals

Cultural

music, art & live entertainment

Mid-affordability

discretionary income to spend

SCOPE & EVALUATION FACTORS

We assessed location fit across six factors, split between the market screen (Phase 1) and the neighborhood deep-dive (Phase 2).

Demographics

Age 18–35, density, renters, remote workers, education

Phase 1 + Phase 2

Vibrancy

Art & music culture, live entertainment, social life

Phase 1

Foot Traffic

Walkable, mixed-use districts; transit; universities

Phase 1 + Phase 2

Economic Viability

Affordable for young social life; avoid depressed/luxury

Phase 1 + Phase 2

Operating Cost

Average commercial rent

Phase 2

Competition

Existing direct/indirect competitors; whitespace

Phase 2 (informational only)

APPROACH

A TWO-PHASE PROCESS FROM 50 MARKETS TO A SHORTLIST



Phase 1 and Phase 2 use different but consistent weighting; every metric is normalized so markets are compared on a level field and not penalized for missing data.

01

PHASE 1

MARKET SELECTION

Ranking the 50 largest U.S. markets to a priority set of seven

HOW MARKETS WERE SCORED

WEIGHTED SCORING MODEL

Universe

The 50 largest U.S. markets by population.

Normalization

Every metric is z-scored across the 50 markets, so each is measured in standard deviations from the average.

Missing data

A market is scored only on the sources it has; remaining weights are renormalized — no market is penalized for absent coverage.

Affordability

Rent uses a "sweet-spot" transform: mid-range scores best; the cheapest (depressed) and priciest (luxury) are both penalized.

Variance flag

Markets with sharply divergent buckets are flagged for manual review — potential "gems in the rough."

BUCKET WEIGHTS

35%

Art / Music Vibrancy

35%

Demographics

15%

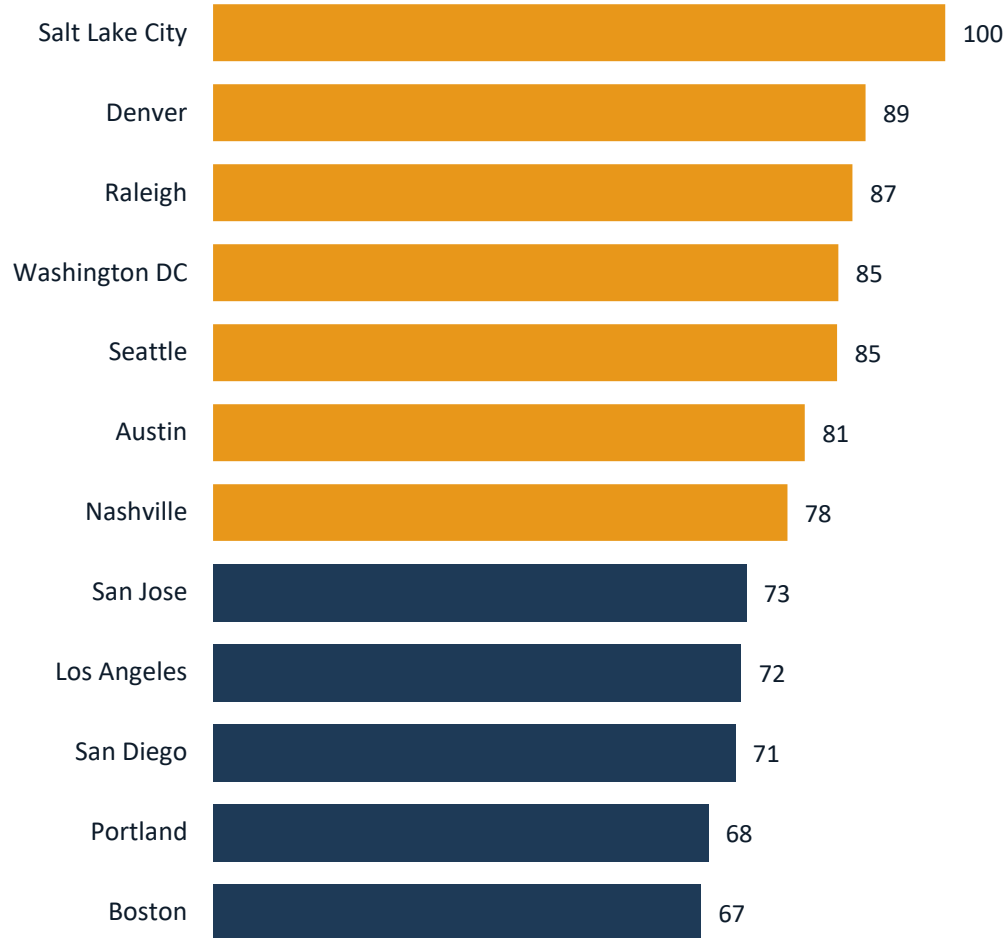
Economic / Affordability

15%

Foot Traffic

Sources: Retail Gravity demographics; EPA Walkability & Smart Location; SMU DataArts Arts Vibrancy Index; Best Music Cities; Milken Best-Performing Cities; Urban Institute affordability tracker.

THE SEVEN PRIORITY MARKETS



Composite suitability score (0–100), top 12 of 50 shown

TOP 7 MARKETS

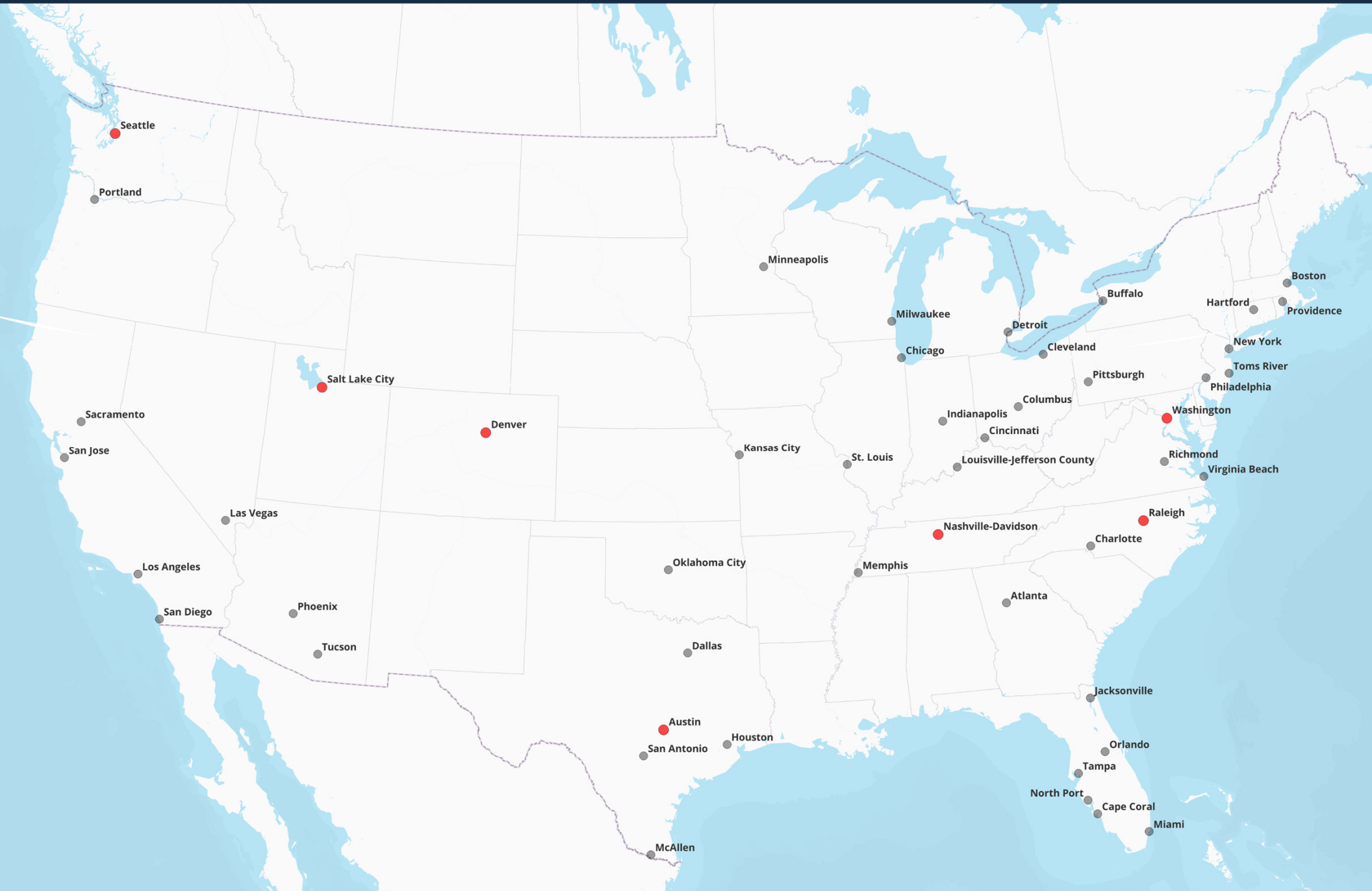
1	Salt Lake City	100
2	Denver	89.1
3	Raleigh	87.3
4	Washington DC	85.4
5	Seattle	85.2
6	Austin	80.8
7	Nashville	78.4

TOP MARKETS SCORED BY BUCKET

Rank	Market	Vibrancy	Demographics	Economic	Foot Traffic	Score
1	Salt Lake City	+1.06	+1.20	+0.04	+1.06	100
2	Denver	+0.50	+1.32	+0.32	+0.33	89.1
3	Raleigh	+0.84	+1.50	+0.13	-0.94	87.3
4	Washington DC	+0.53	+0.64	+0.10	+1.55	85.4
5	Seattle	+0.67	+1.05	+0.41	-0.07	85.2
6	Austin	-0.07	+2.28	-0.01	-1.38	80.8
7	Nashville	+1.00	+0.98	-0.39	-0.78	78.4
8	San Jose	+0.00	+0.82	-0.98	+1.76	72.8
9	Los Angeles	+1.03	-0.07	-1.34	+1.71	72.1
10	San Diego	+0.53	+0.59	-1.15	+1.01	71.3

Bucket scores are z-scores (standard deviations vs. the 50-market average). Positive = above average fit.

MARKET MAP



GEMS IN THE ROUGH — HIGH VARIANCE

Some strong markets are dragged down by one weak bucket, or vice-versa. Variance analysis surfaces these for judgment rather than letting a single dimension decide.

New York

#18 overall

Best-in-class foot traffic and strong vibrancy, but penalized hard on affordability with one of the weakest economic scores in the study. A concept that thrives on density could still work here despite the cost.

San Francisco / San Jose

#8 overall

The top foot-traffic and transit score in the study plus a strong young-professional base, held back by thin music / arts vibrancy and steep costs. A near-miss that hinges on the right district.

Buffalo

#20 overall

A genuine gem in the rough: elite music-city credentials (top-10 nationally) in an otherwise middling market. The variance analysis surfaces it for neighborhood-level opportunity a market score alone would hide.

02

PHASE 2

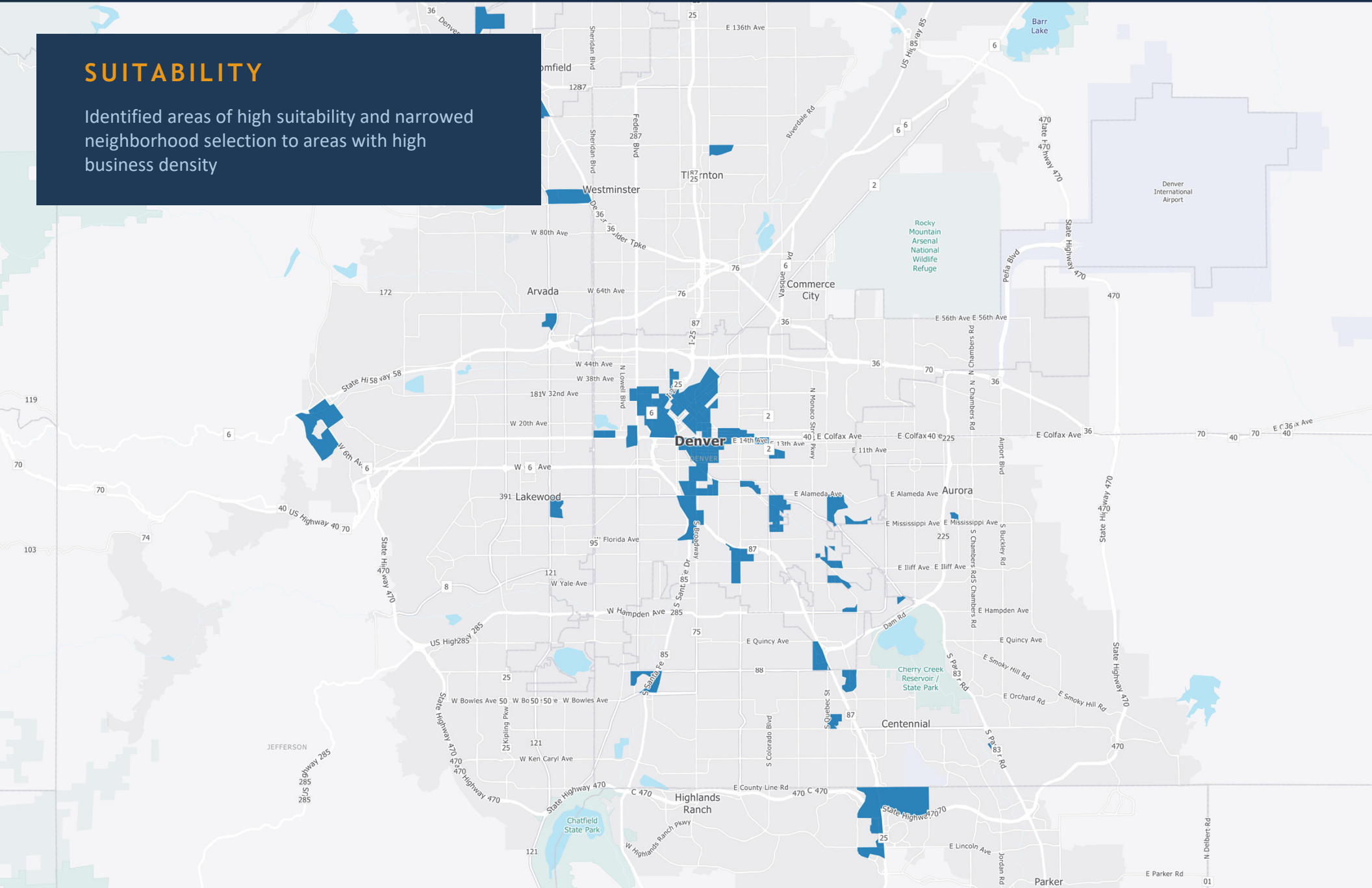
NEIGHBORHOOD DEEP-DIVE

Scoring 11 candidate districts within the priority markets

NEIGHBORHOOD SELECTION

SUITABILITY

Identified areas of high suitability and narrowed neighborhood selection to areas with high business density



SCORING THE NEIGHBORHOODS

LOCAL SUITABILITY MODEL

Units & trade area

11 defined neighborhoods, measured on a 3-mile radius (the trade-area proxy for a destination venue).

Affordability sweet-spot

Median income rewards middle / upper-middle areas; the poorest (limited discretionary spend) and ultra-affluent (concept mismatch) are penalized.

In-person students only

University presence counts in-person enrollment (total minus exclusively-online), so online-only schools contribute zero.

Operating cost

Commercial rent enters as a light cost penalty (cheaper = better).

BUCKET WEIGHTS

50%

Demographics & Affordability

20%

Foot Traffic

20%

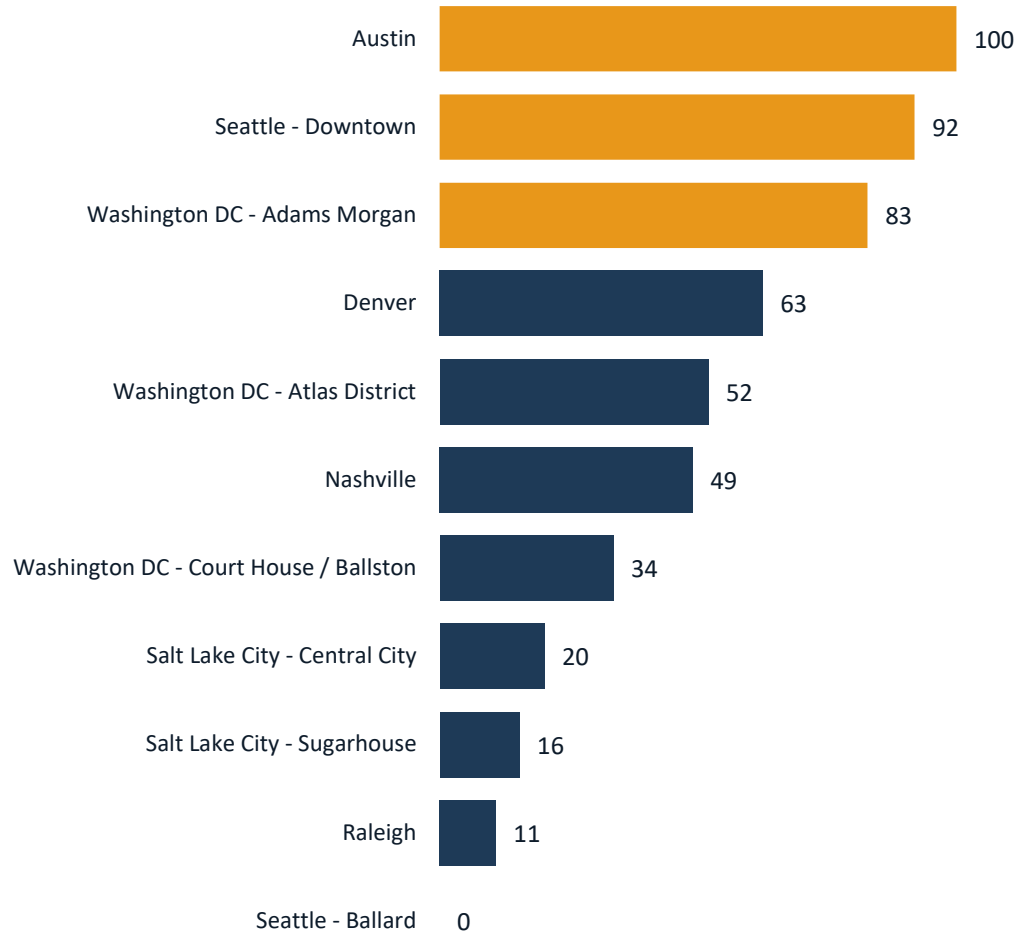
University (in-person)

10%

Operating Cost

Within Demographics & Affordability: income sweet-spot (25%) · age 18–35 (25%) · multi-unit (15%) · renters (10%) · education (10%) · density (10%) · WFH (5%).

NEIGHBORHOOD SUITABILITY RANKING



RANKED, 3-MI TRADE AREA

1	Austin	100
2	Seattle - Downtown	91.9
3	Washington DC - Adams Morgan	82.8
4	Denver	62.5
5	Washington DC - Atlas District	52.0
6	Nashville	49.0
7	Washington DC - Court House / Ballston	33.6
8	Salt Lake City - Central City	20.3
9	Salt Lake City - Sugarhouse	15.5
10	Raleigh	10.9
11	Seattle - Ballard	0

NEIGHBORHOOD DETAIL

Rank	Neighborhood	Demographics & Affordability	Foot Traffic	University	Operating Cost	Score
1	Austin	+0.48	+0.47	+0.98	+0.09	100
2	Seattle - Downtown	+0.84	+1.24	-1.08	-0.14	91.9
3	Washington DC - Adams Morgan	+0.20	+0.60	+1.26	-1.45	82.8
4	Denver	+0.24	-0.30	-0.14	+0.48	62.5
5	Washington DC - Atlas District	+0.15	+0.49	-0.40	-1.45	52
6	Nashville	-0.11	-0.44	+0.25	+0.09	49
7	Washington DC - Court House / Ballston	-0.54	+0.13	+0.57	-1.45	33.6
8	Salt Lake City - Central City	-1.00	-0.52	+0.40	+0.86	20.3
9	Salt Lake City - Sugarhouse	-1.22	-0.59	+0.33	+1.64	15.5
10	Raleigh	-0.83	-1.47	+0.36	+0.86	10.9
11	Seattle - Ballard	-0.61	+0.38	-2.52	+0.48	0

Values are z-scores across the 11 areas. University = in-person enrollment within 3 mi (log-scaled); Operating Cost rewards lower commercial rent.

THE THREE LEAD CANDIDATES

#1

Austin

100

suitability / 100

% age 18–35 **62%**

Median HH income **\$115,077**

% multi-unit **53%**

In-person students **54,896**

Commercial rent **\$30/sqft**

Highest in-person student presence of the set, a young and educated base, strong walkability and the lowest operating cost among the leaders.

#2

Seattle - Downtown

91.9

suitability / 100

% age 18–35 **61%**

Median HH income **\$133,367**

% multi-unit **70%**

In-person students **14,883**

Commercial rent **\$31.5/sqft**

The strongest demographics and foot traffic in the study; a dense, walkable downtown held back only by a thinner nearby student population.

#3

Washington DC - Adams Morgan

82.8

suitability / 100

% age 18–35 **55%**

Median HH income **\$139,070**

% multi-unit **67%**

In-person students **65,754**

Commercial rent **\$40/sqft**

The largest in-person young population (~66k students within 3 mi) in a dense, vibrant district. The trade-off is the highest commercial rent.

SALT LAKE CITY

PHASE 1 · MARKET

100

Composite score · Rank #1 of 50

Vibrancy  **+1.06**

Demographics  **+1.20**

Economic  **+0.04**

Foot Traffic  **+1.06**

z-scores vs. the 50-market average

The #1 market overall — balanced strength across demographics, vibrancy and walkability. Neighborhood scores fall once online students are excluded, but remain credible.

NEIGHBORHOODS ASSESSED (2)

#8 Central City

20.3 /100

54%

% age 18–35

38,057

In-person students

\$77,501

Median income

\$25/sqft

Commercial rent

43%

% multi-unit

15

Competitors ≤3 mi

#9 Sugarhouse

15.5 /100

51%

% age 18–35

36,374

In-person students

\$96,651

Median income

\$20/sqft

Commercial rent

31%

% multi-unit

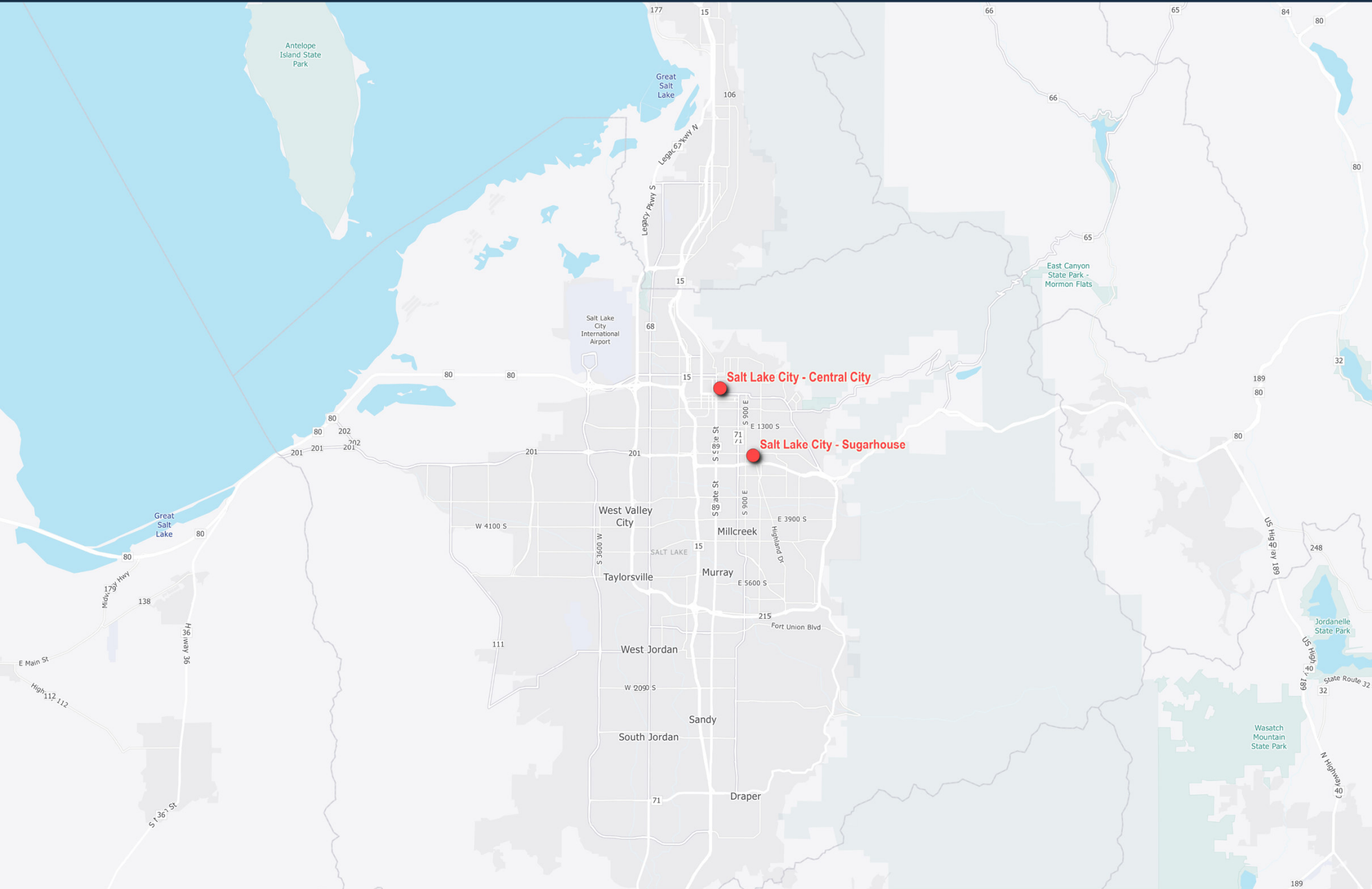
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Competitors ≤3 mi

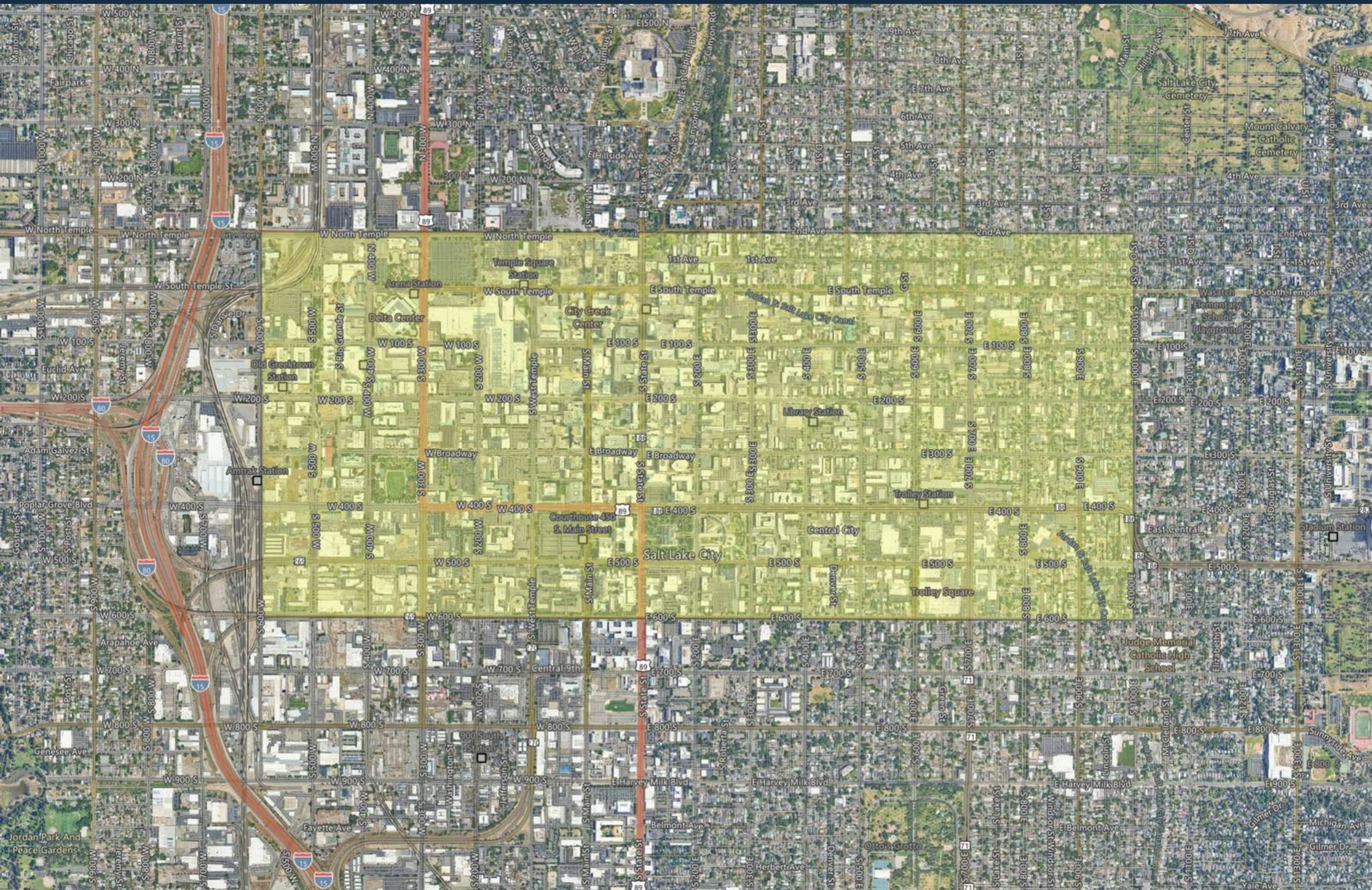
NEIGHBORHOOD READ

Central City edges Sugarhouse on density and in-person student presence; both land mid-field nationally once online enrollment is removed.

SALT LAKE CITY



SALT LAKE CITY - CENTRAL CITY



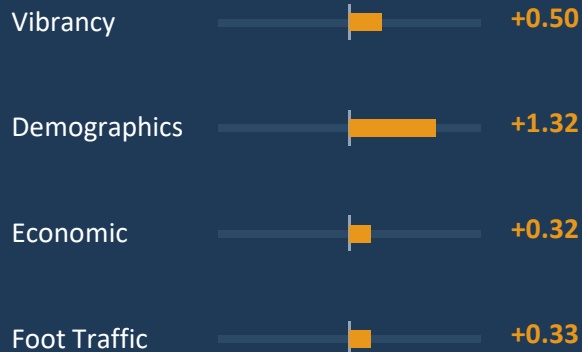
RETAIL GRAVITY

DENVER

PHASE 1 • MARKET

89.1

Composite score • Rank #2 of 50



z-scores vs. the 50-market average

#2 — one of the youngest, most educated bases in the set with solid all-round scores; a single dense district carries the market.

NEIGHBORHOODS ASSESSED (1)

#4 Denver

62.5

/100

58%

% age 18–35

26,967

In-person students

\$112,611

Median income

\$27.5/sqft

Commercial rent

58%

% multi-unit

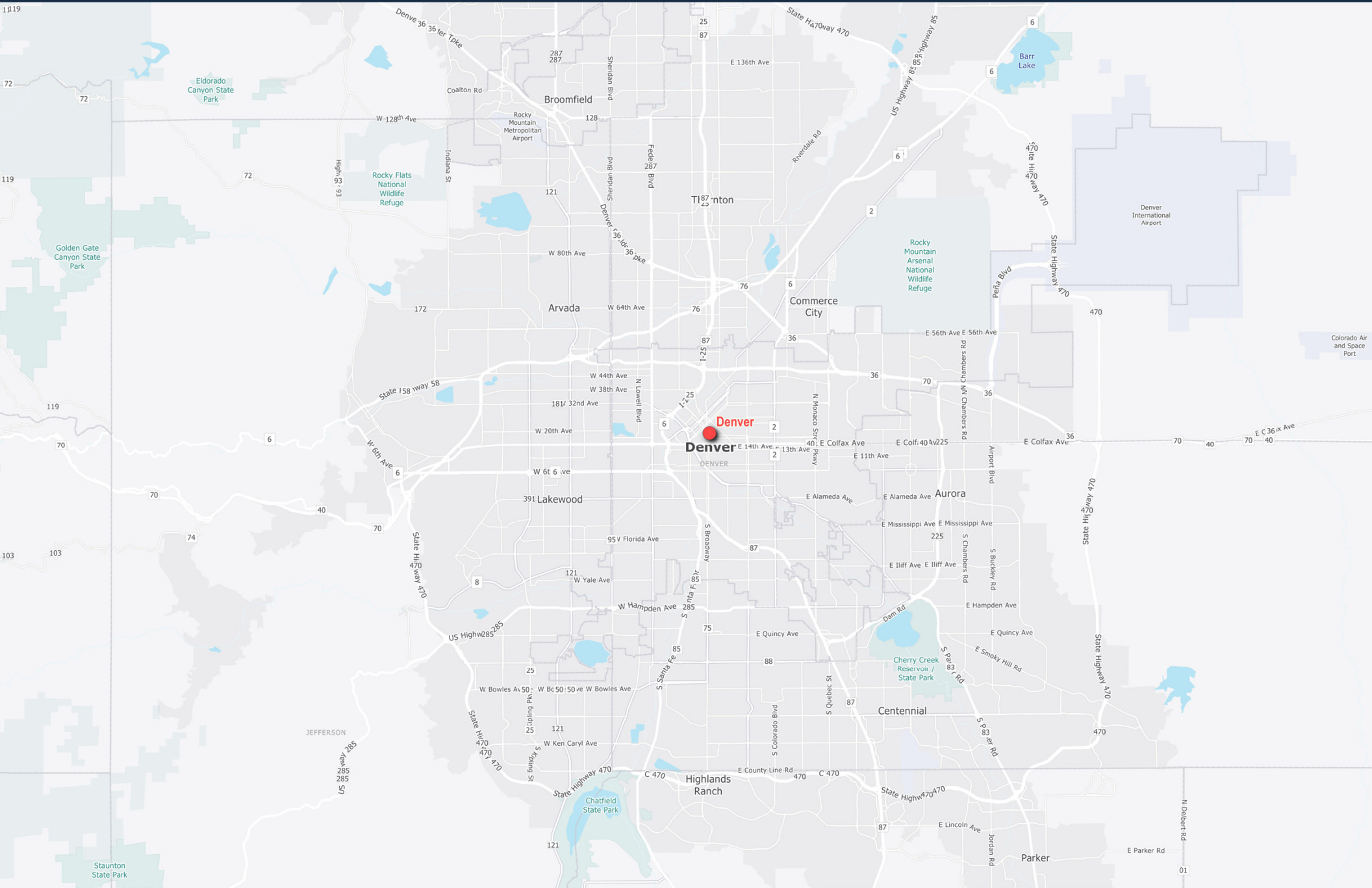
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Competitors ≤3 mi

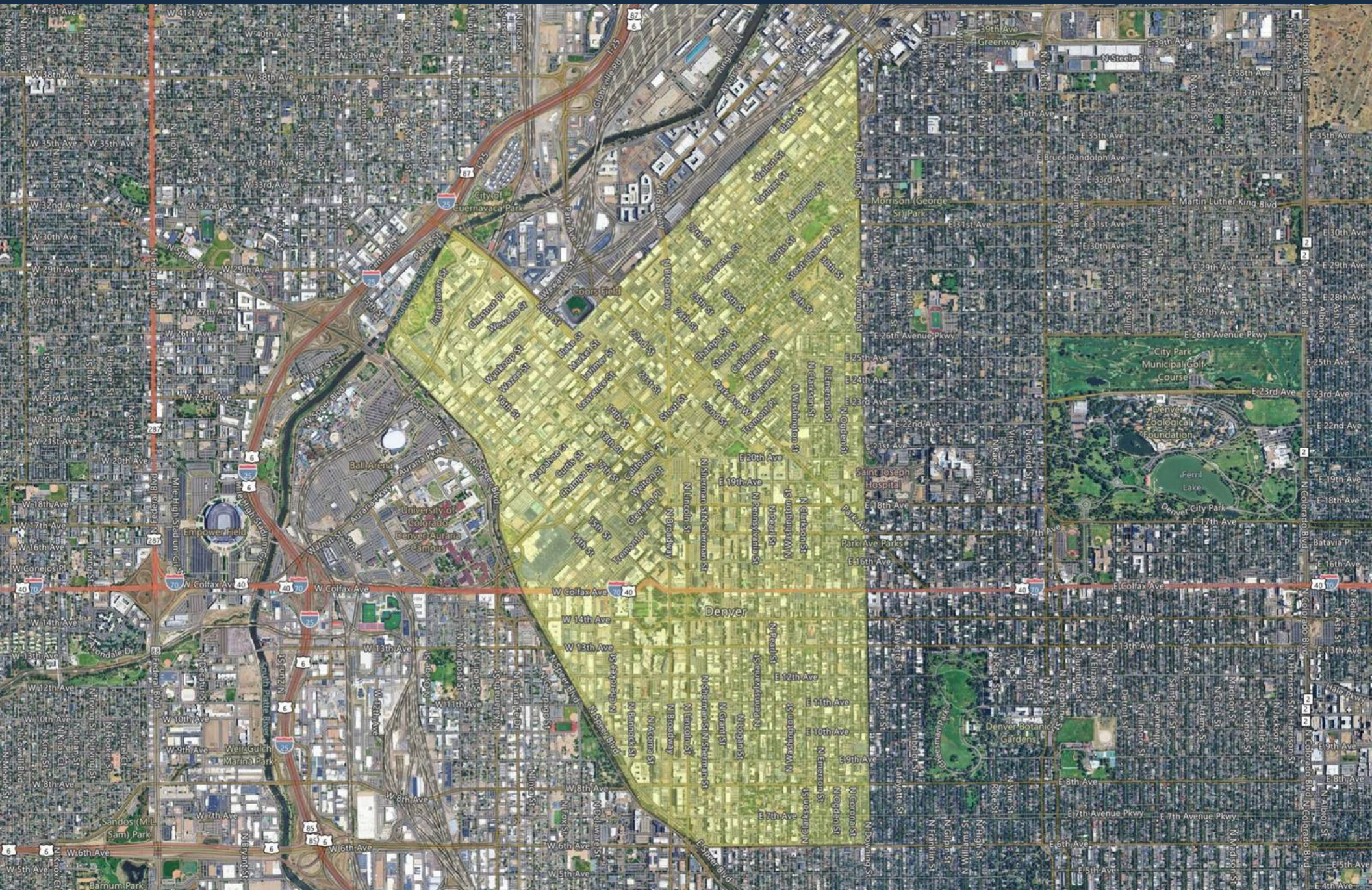
NEIGHBORHOOD READ

A dense, walkable core with a balanced metric profile — Denver's lone district ranks #4 of 11 and offers low competition.

DENVER



DENVER

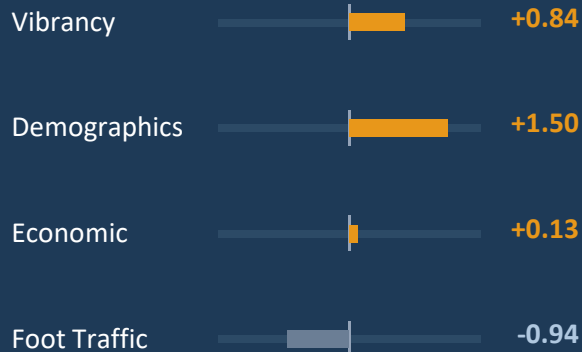


RALEIGH

PHASE 1 • MARKET

87.3

Composite score • Rank #3 of 50



z-scores vs. the 50-market average

#3 — elite young / educated demographics and music vibrancy, offset by car-oriented, lower-walkability fabric.

NEIGHBORHOODS ASSESSED (1)

#10 Raleigh

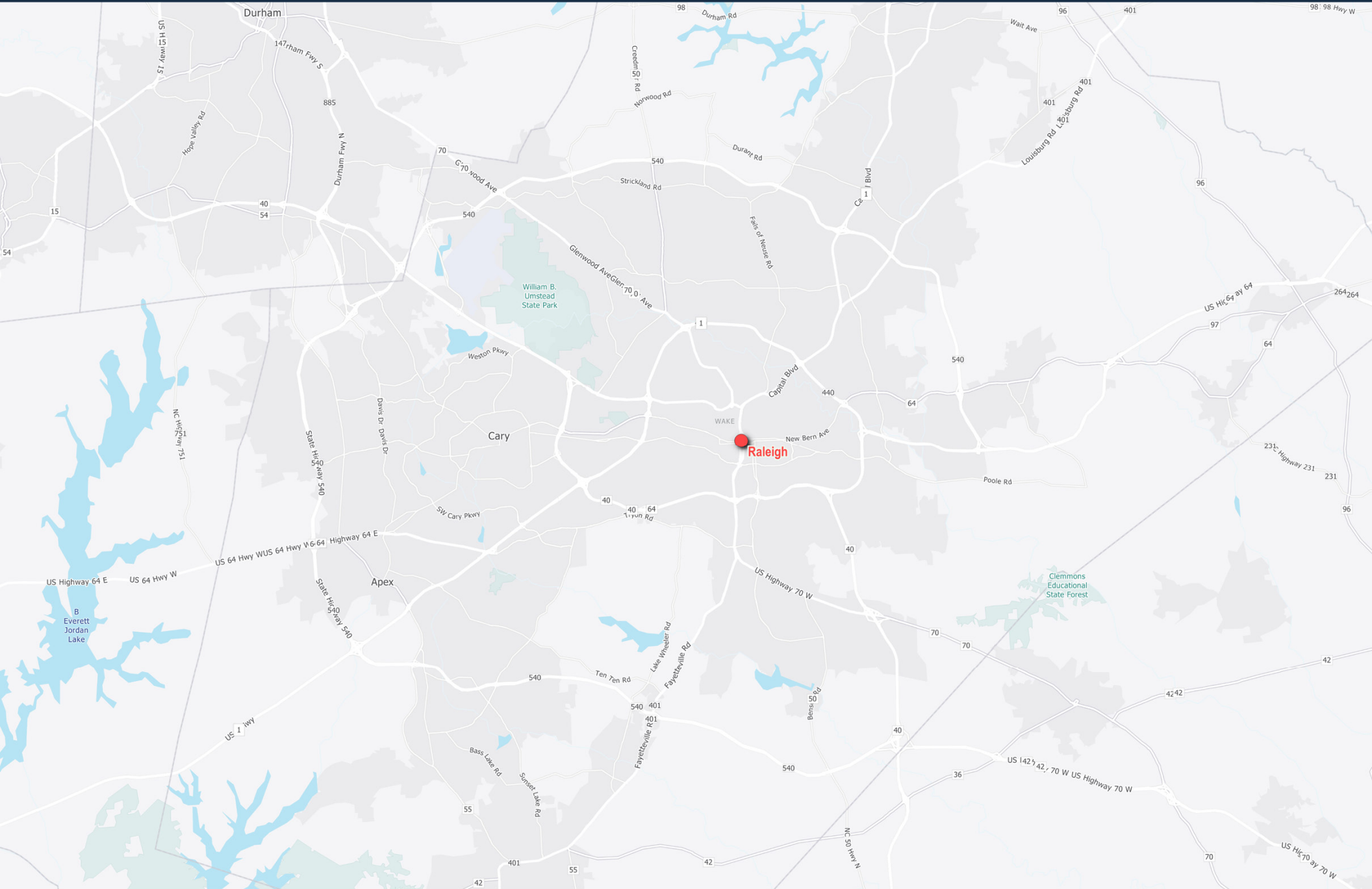
10.9_{/100}

54% % age 18–35	\$95,598 Median income	35% % multi-unit
37,065 In-person students	\$25/sqft Commercial rent	13 Competitors ≤3 mi

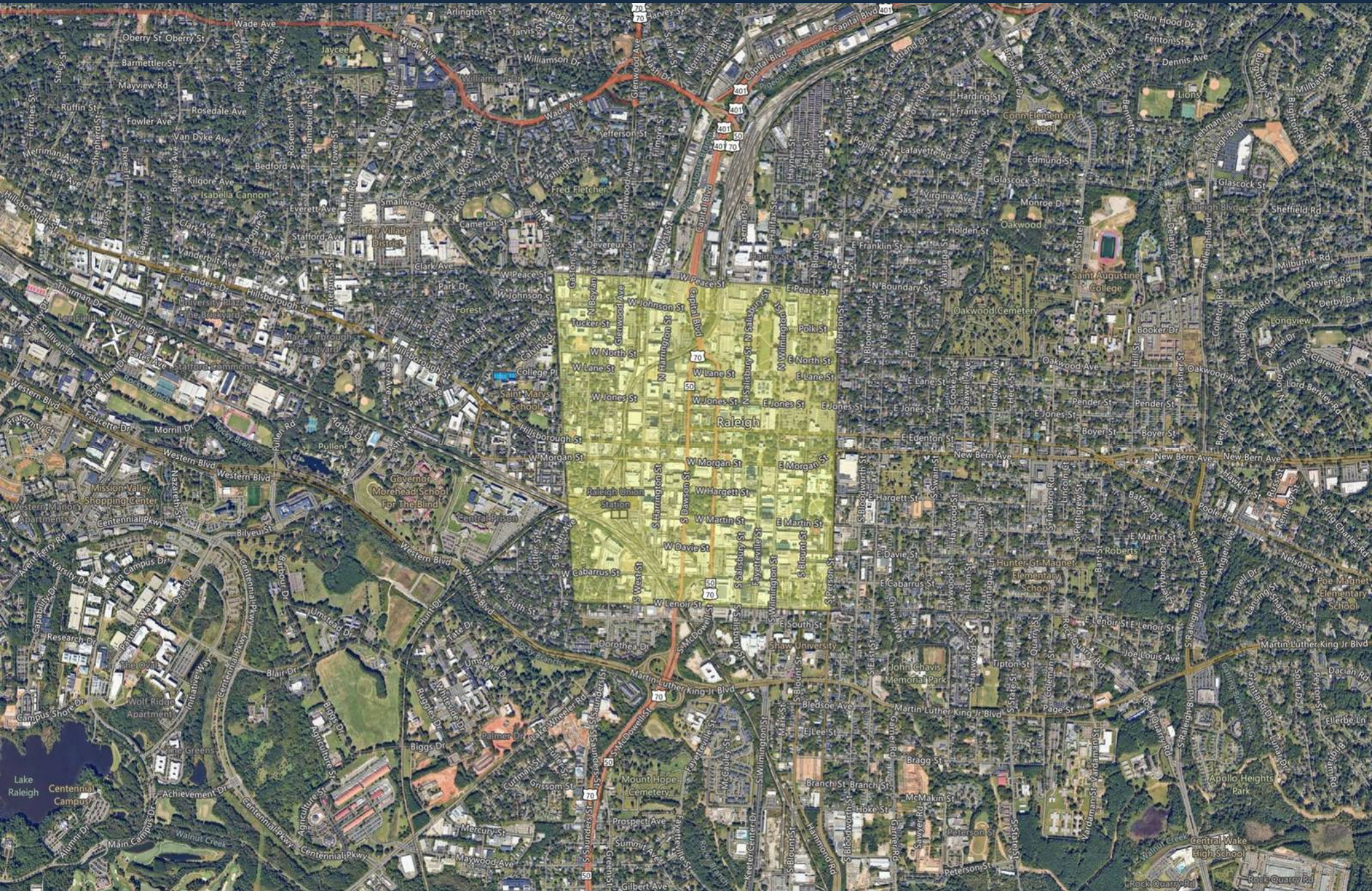
NEIGHBORHOOD READ

A strong in-person student base and good affordability, but the lowest walkability among the candidates pulls the score down to #10.

RALEIGH



RALEIGH

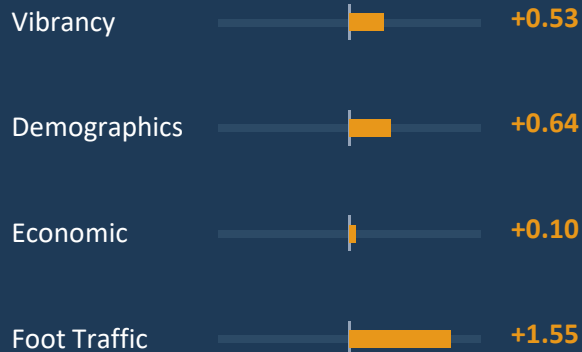


WASHINGTON, DC

PHASE 1 · MARKET

85.4

Composite score · Rank #4 of 50



z-scores vs. the 50-market average

#4 — exceptional foot traffic and arts vibrancy; three distinct districts give the most neighborhood optionality of any market.

NEIGHBORHOODS ASSESSED (3)

#3 Adams Morgan

82.8

/100

55%

% age 18–35

65,754

In-person students

\$139,070

Median income

\$40/sqft

Commercial rent

67%

% multi-unit

19

Competitors ≤3 mi

#5 Atlas District

52

/100

56%

% age 18–35

22,908

In-person students

\$130,364

Median income

\$40/sqft

Commercial rent

59%

% multi-unit

14

Competitors ≤3 mi

#7 Court House / Ballston

33.6

/100

49%

% age 18–35

42,353

In-person students

\$146,817

Median income

\$40/sqft

Commercial rent

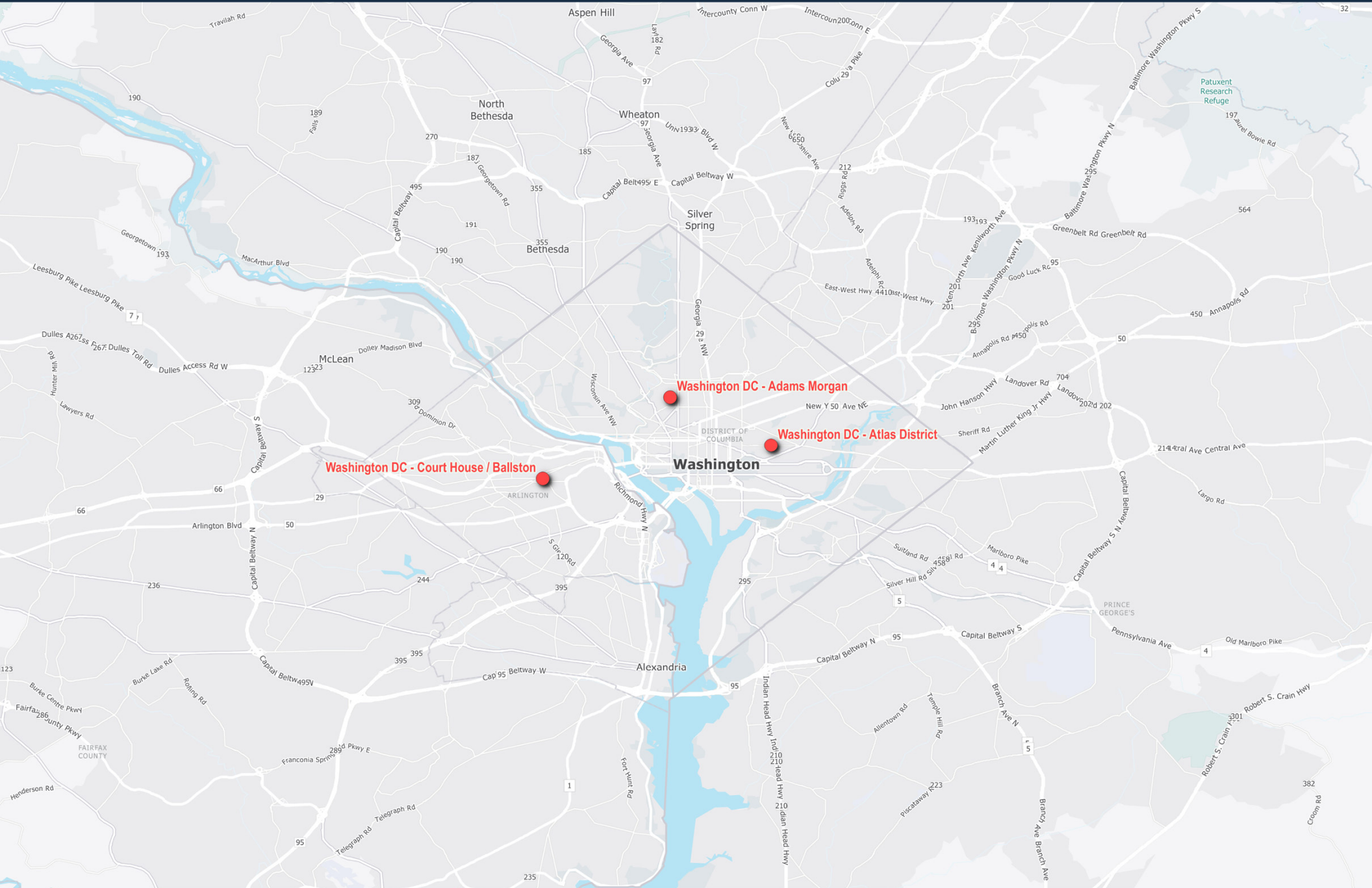
59%

% multi-unit

5

Competitors ≤3 mi

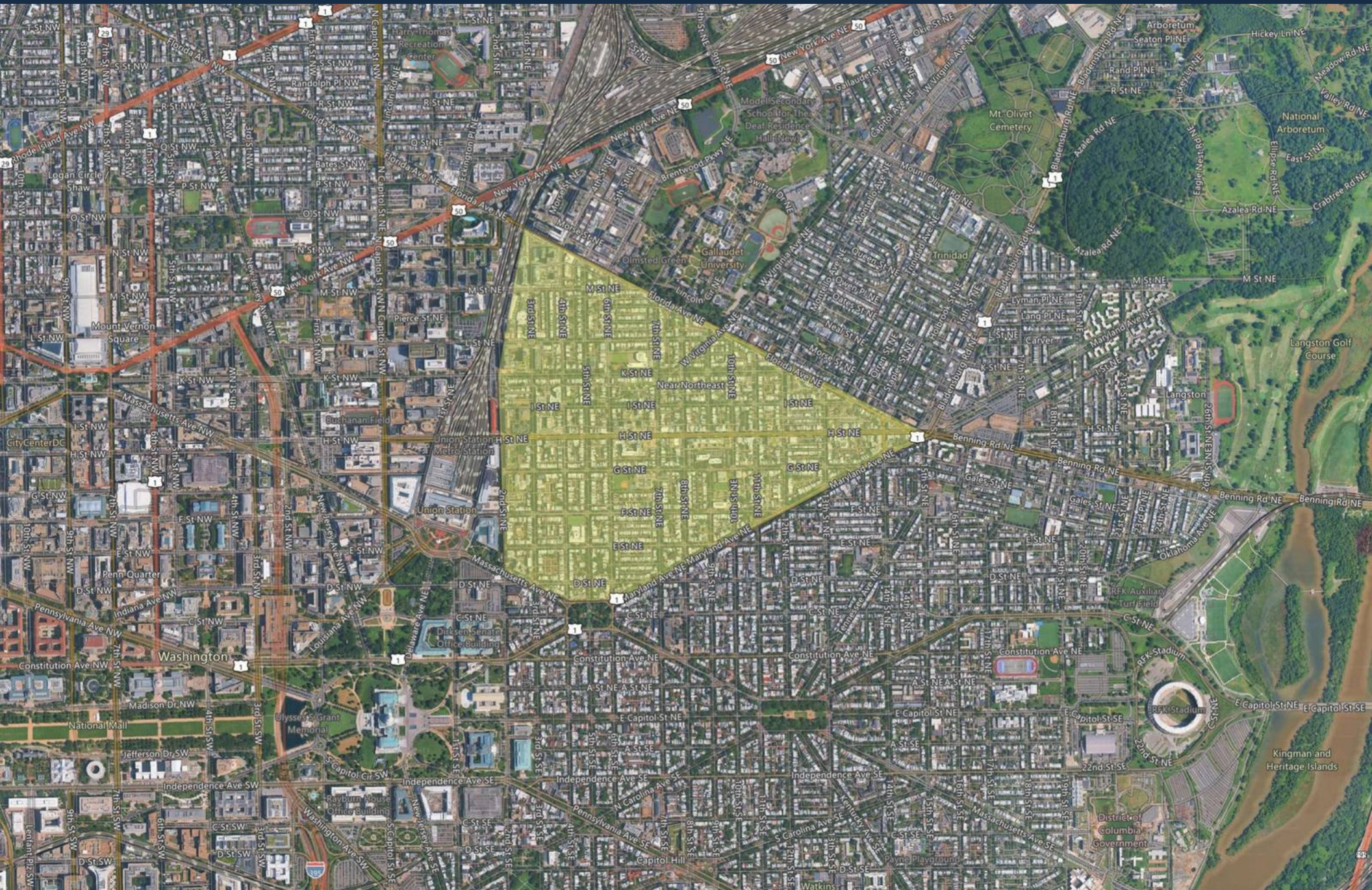
WASHINGTON, DC



WASHINGTON, DC - ADAMS MORGAN



WASHINGTON, DC - ATLAS



WASHINGTON, DC - COURT HOUSE



SEATTLE

PHASE 1 · MARKET

85.2

Composite score · Rank #5 of 50

Vibrancy  +0.67Demographics  +1.05Economic  +0.41Foot Traffic  -0.07

z-scores vs. the 50-market average

#5 — strong demographics and vibrancy;
downtown is a standout while Ballard skews
residential.

NEIGHBORHOODS ASSESSED (2)

#2 Downtown

91.9 /100

61%

% age 18–35

14,883

In-person students

\$133,367

Median income

\$31.5/sqft

Commercial rent

70%

% multi-unit

20

Competitors ≤3 mi

#11 Ballard

0 /100

52%

% age 18–35

5,968

In-person students

\$152,572

Median income

\$27.5/sqft

Commercial rent

42%

% multi-unit

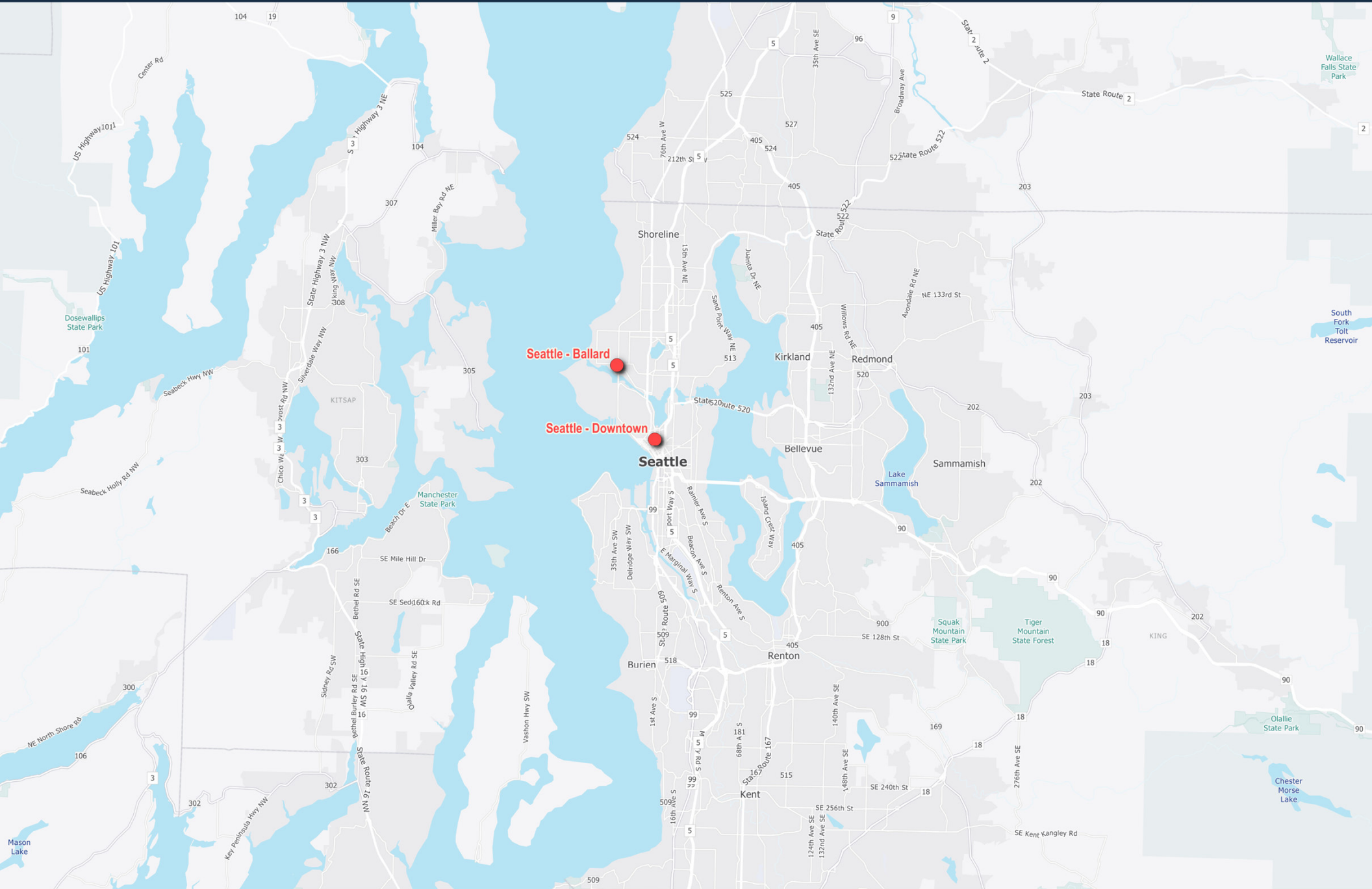
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Competitors ≤3 mi

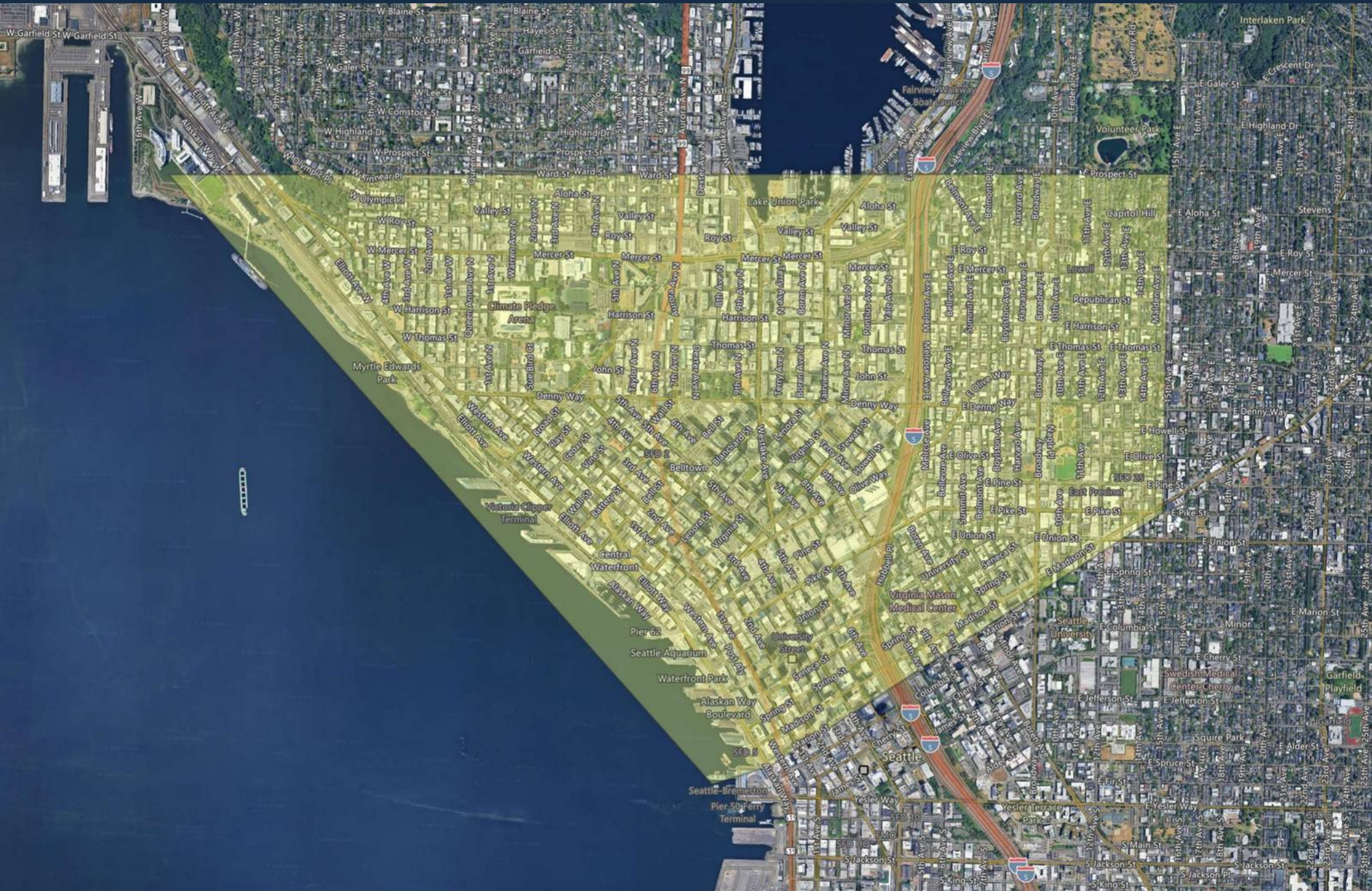
NEIGHBORHOOD READ

Downtown ranks #2 of 11 on demographics and foot traffic; Ballard offers fabric but almost no nearby in-person enrollment.

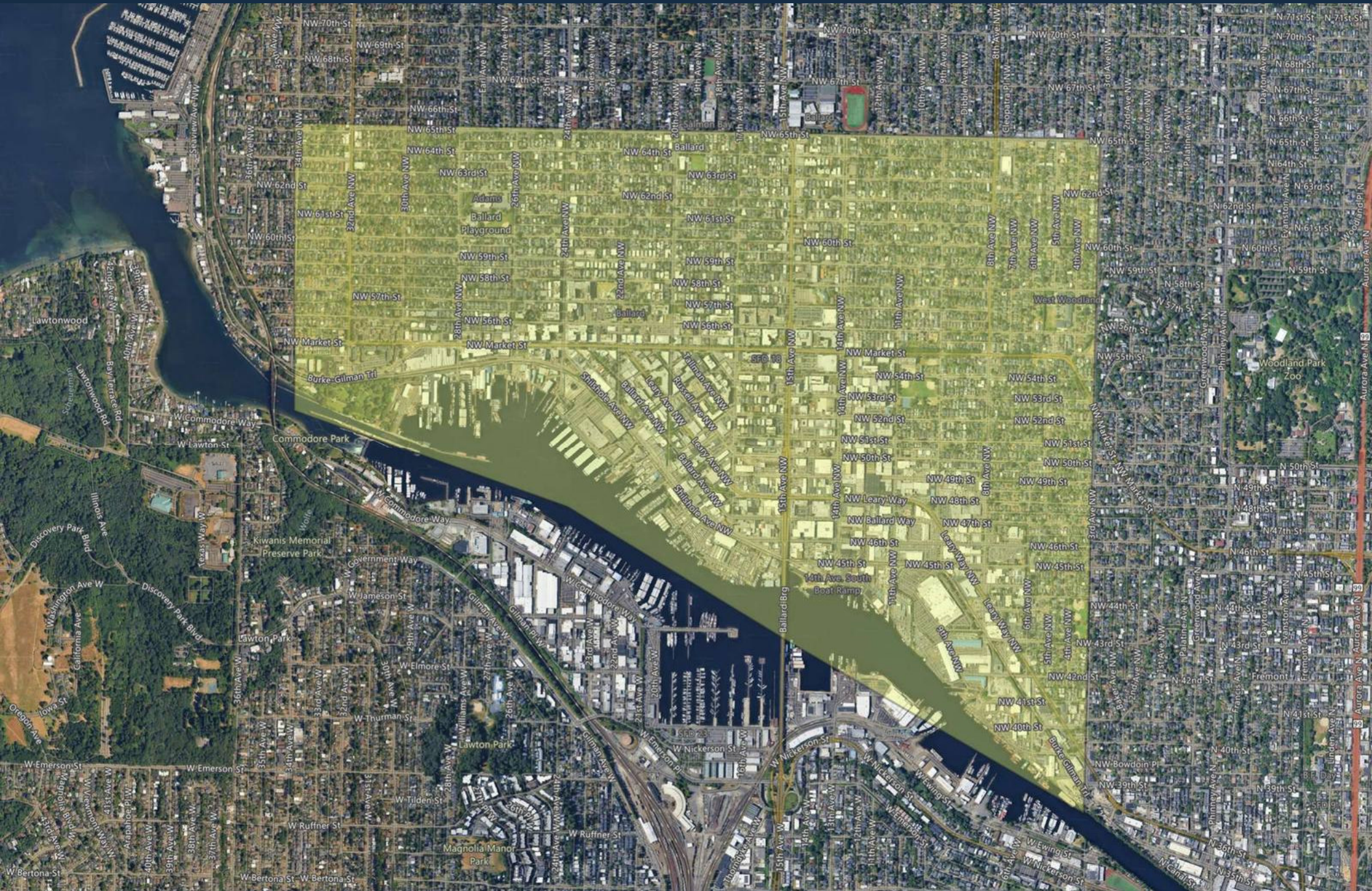
SEATTLE



SEATTLE - DOWNTOWN



SEATTLE - BALLARD



AUSTIN

PHASE 1 • MARKET

80.8

Composite score • Rank #6 of 50



z-scores vs. the 50-market average

#6 — the youngest, most educated market; its target district tops the entire Phase 2 ranking despite a car-oriented metro.

NEIGHBORHOODS ASSESSED (1)

#1 Austin

100 /100

62%

% age 18–35

\$115,077

Median income

53%

% multi-unit

54,896

In-person students

\$30/sqft

Commercial rent

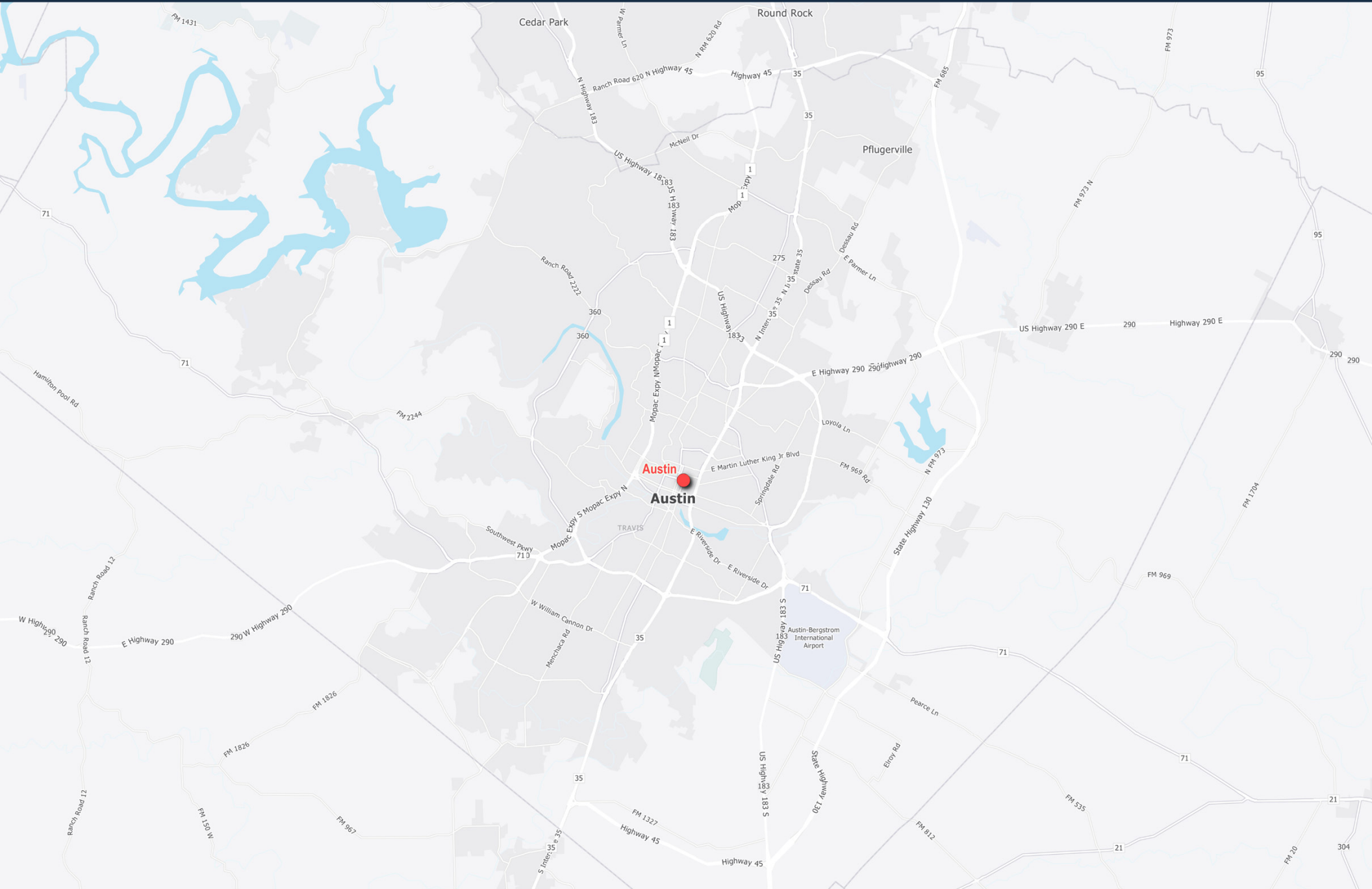
41

Competitors ≤3 mi

NEIGHBORHOOD READ

The top-ranked district overall — a large in-person student base, young demographics and the lowest operating cost of the leaders, balanced against the most competition.

AUSTIN



AUSTIN



NASHVILLE

PHASE 1 · MARKET

78.4

Composite score · Rank #7 of 50

Vibrancy  **+1.00**

Demographics  **+0.98**

Economic  **-0.39**

Foot Traffic  **-0.78**

z-scores vs. the 50-market average

*#7 — best-in-class music vibrancy;
neighborhood selection is decisive given
thinner walkability.*

NEIGHBORHOODS ASSESSED (1)

#6 Nashville

49 /100

60%
% age 18–35

34,562
In-person students

\$85,995
Median income

\$30/sqft
Commercial rent

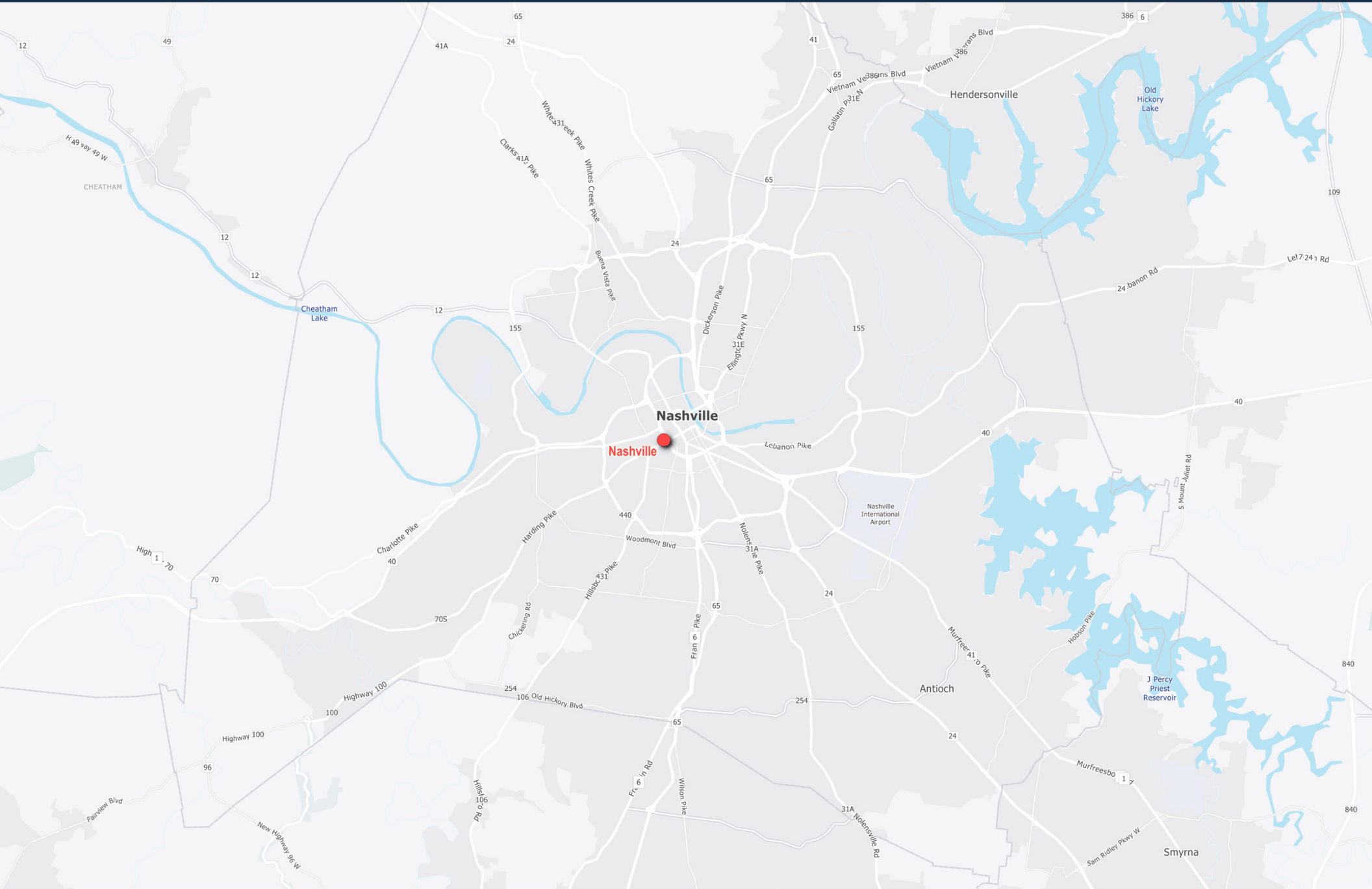
53%
% multi-unit

38
Competitors ≤3 mi

NEIGHBORHOOD READ

A solid, music-driven fit; mid-pack walkability and student presence place Nashville in the middle of the neighborhood field.

NASHVILLE



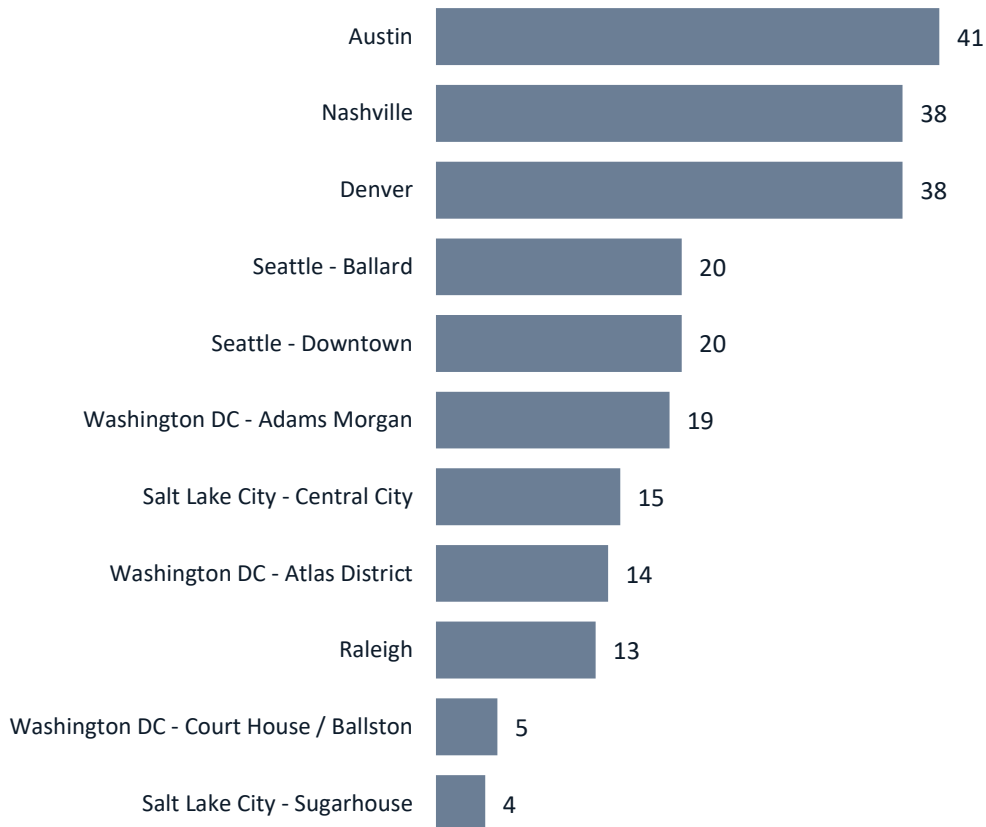
NASHVILLE



COMPETITIVE LANDSCAPE

COMPETITION WITHIN 3 MILES

227 nearby competitors — live-music venues, bars, karaoke and piano bars — mapped to the nearest neighborhood.
Informational only — not scored and used in the analysis.



BY COMPETITOR TYPE

Live music venue	97
Bar	41
Live music bar	27
Karaoke bar	25
Cocktail bar	9
Night club	5
Piano bar	5

*Most-saturated: Austin, Denver, Nashville.
Least: Court House/Ballston and SLC-Sugarhouse — potential whitespace.*

NEXT STEP FOCUS

01

Prioritize top districts

Advance one or multiple of the top districts to on-the-ground site search using a trusted broker. Highly recommend visiting sites in-person.

02

Understand indirect competition

Determine weight and influence indirect competition has on your decision. High competition can be viewed both positively and negatively. Positive = demand for music/arts concept. Negative = potential lower share.

03

Weigh affordability and rent

Districts like DC-Adams Morgan has many positives but also has the highest rent. Consider a low/mid-cost alternative before committing to minimize risk.

04

Confirm site-level factors

Validate specific buildings/addresses for foot traffic, acoustics/build-out, transit access and adjacency to quality, stable anchors. These are important and deciding factors a trade-area score cannot capture.

03

APPENDIX

SUPPORTING DETAIL

Full rankings, source data, university detail and methodology

APPENDIX A

FULL PHASE 1 RANKING — 50 MARKETS

#	Market	Score
1	Salt Lake City	100
2	Denver	89.1
3	Raleigh	87.3
4	Washington DC	85.4
5	Seattle	85.2
6	Austin	80.8
7	Nashville	78.4
8	San Jose	72.8
9	Los Angeles	72.1
10	San Diego	71.3
11	Portland	67.6
12	Boston	66.6
13	Charlotte	66.1
14	Indianapolis	64.4
15	Virginia Beach	64.2
16	Columbus	61.6
17	Sacramento	59.7
18	New York	57.5
19	Minneapolis	54.1
20	Buffalo	53.8
21	Hartford	53.5
22	Richmond	51.8
23	Philadelphia	49.6
24	Providence	49.3
25	Chicago	46.8

#	Market	Score
26	St. Louis	46.7
27	Orlando	43.6
28	Dallas	43.6
29	Milwaukee	42.1
30	Phoenix	39.5
31	Memphis	39.4
32	Atlanta	39.2
33	San Antonio	38.8
34	Tampa	36.5
35	Kansas City	36.2
36	Tucson	36.1
37	Cincinnati	35.6
38	Pittsburgh	35.5
39	Houston	31.8
40	Louisville	30.2
41	Las Vegas	30.1
42	Jacksonville	26.7
43	Oklahoma City	25.5
44	Detroit	22
45	Toms River	21.5
46	Cleveland	21.3
47	Miami	18.9
48	McAllen	11.3
49	Cape Coral	0.7
50	North Port	0

APPENDIX B

PHASE 1 DATA SOURCES & METRICS

Bucket	Metrics used	Source	Geography
Vibrancy (35%)	Arts Vibrancy Index; Best Music Cities; state arts economy	SMU DataArts; ListWithClever; NEA arts.gov	Market / State
Demographics (35%)	% age 18–35; bachelor's+; work-from-home	Retail Gravity	Market
Economic (15%)	Rent (sweet-spot); consumer financial stress; economic viability	Urban Institute; Milken Institute	State / Market
Foot Traffic (15%)	Walkability index; Smart Location index	U.S. EPA	Market

Normalization: all metrics z-scored across the 50 markets. Missing data renormalized on available sources. Rent uses a sweet-spot (mid-range optimal) transform.

APPENDIX C

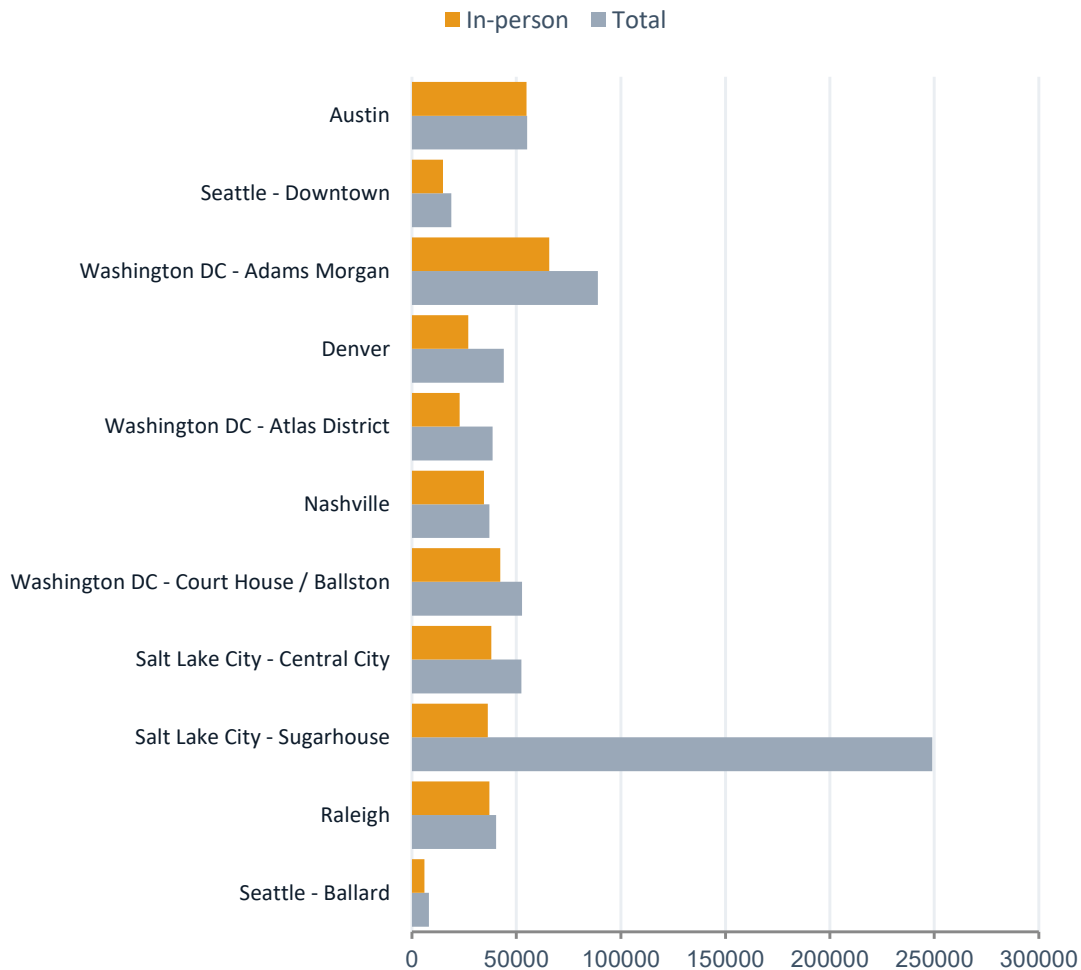
PHASE 2 NEIGHBORHOOD DATA (3-MILE)

Neighborhood	% 18–35	Median income	% multi-unit	% renter	In-person stu.	Avg Rent \$/sqft
Austin	62%	\$115,077	53%	61%	54,896	\$30
Seattle - Downtown	61%	\$133,367	70%	69%	14,883	\$31.5
Washington DC - Adams Morgan	55%	\$139,070	67%	59%	65,754	\$40
Denver	58%	\$112,611	58%	62%	26,967	\$27.5
Washington DC - Atlas District	56%	\$130,364	59%	62%	22,908	\$40
Nashville	60%	\$85,995	53%	66%	34,562	\$30
Washington DC - Court House / Ballston	49%	\$146,817	59%	57%	42,353	\$40
Salt Lake City - Central City	54%	\$77,501	43%	57%	38,057	\$25
Salt Lake City - Sugarhouse	51%	\$96,651	31%	47%	36,374	\$20
Raleigh	54%	\$95,598	35%	55%	37,065	\$25
Seattle - Ballard	52%	\$152,572	42%	50%	5,968	\$27.5

Source: Retail Gravity demographics; NCES IPEDS (in-person enrollment); client commercial-rent ranges (midpoint shown).

APPENDIX D

UNIVERSITY ENROLLMENT – TOTAL VS IN-PERSON



THE CORRECTION

Online-only students removed across all areas:

305,468

online enrollments excluded so the score reflects physical young presence, not distance learners.

In-person = IPEDS EF2024A total – exclusively-distance (EF2024A_DIST), Fall 2024.

MASTER DATA SOURCES & METHODOLOGY

DATA SOURCES

- Retail Gravity — demographics (market & 1/2/3-mi radii)
- U.S. EPA — Walkability & Smart Location indices
- SMU DataArts — Arts Vibrancy Index (2020)
- ListWithClever — Best Music Cities
- Milken Institute — Best-Performing Cities 2026
- NEA arts.gov — state arts & culture economy
- Urban Institute — affordability tracker (rent, financial stress)
- NCES IPEDS — universities, enrollment & distance education (Fall 2024)
- Client — target areas & commercial rent ranges
- Google Places — competitor inventory

METHODOLOGY NOTES

Normalization

Z-scores within each phase's peer set (50 markets; 11 neighborhoods).

Missing data

Renormalized on available metrics so coverage gaps don't penalize a candidate.

Affordability

Sweet-spot transform on rent/income — extremes penalized at both ends.

In-person enrollment

Total minus exclusively-distance students; online-only schools ≈ 0 .

Trade area

Phase 2 uses a 3-mile radius as the destination-venue proxy.

Weighting

Live and adjustable in the accompanying Excel scoring models.



Site Selection Consulting & Custom Data

Thank you!

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